

# The Gazette of India



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No. 29] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1955

## NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 8th July 1955 :—

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
198	S. R. O. 1369-G, dated the 2nd July 1955.	Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division)	Amendment made in the notification No. 13-Customs, dated the 28th February 1953.
199	S. R. O. 1425, dated the 2nd July 1955.	Ministry of Law	Fixation of the hours during which the poll shall be taken at the bye-election to the Council of States in the State of Andhra on the 20th July 1955.
201	S. R. O. 1427, dated the 30th June 1955.	Election Commission, India.	Amendment made in the notification No. 62 3/51-Elec. II (3), dated the 5th October 1951.
202	S. R. O. 1428, dated the 22nd June 1955.	Ditto	Election Petition No. 13 of 1954.
203	S. R. O. 1429, dated the 4th July 1955.	Ministry of Law	Fixation of the hours during which the poll shall be taken in the Dharmapuri Parliamentary constituency in the State of Madras on the 28th August 1955.
204	S. R. O. 1430, dated the 22nd June 1955.	Election Commission, India.	Election Petition No. 319 of 1952.
205	S. R. O. 1431, dated the 6th July 1955.	Ministry of External Affairs.	Amendment made to the French Establishments (Application of Laws) Order, 1954.
206	S. R. O. 1482, dated the 7th July 1955.	Ministry of Commerce and Industry.	Amendment made in the notification No. SC(A)-2(23), dated the 21st October 1953 regarding the Schedule of Base Price.

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
207	S. R. O. 1483, dated the 7th July 1955.	Ministry of Labour	The President entrusts the functions of the Central Government to the Government of the State of Bihar in relation to any offence committed by any workman or any person of the management of Dhori Colliery in the Hazaribagh district.
208	S. R. O. 1484, dated the 6th July 1955.	Election Commission, India.	Appointment of Chairman of the Tribunal for the trial of election petition presented by Shri Mahadeva against Shri Shibban Lal Saxena, a member of the House of the People.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

### PART II—Section 3

#### Statutory Rules and Orders issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and Central Authorities (other than the Chief Commissioners).

#### ELECTION COMMISSION, INDIA

*New Delhi, the 5th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1488.**—It is hereby notified for general information that the disqualifications under clause (c) of section 7 and section 143 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951 (XLIII of 1951), incurred by the person whose name and address are given below, as notified under notification No. MD-P/52(121)/BYE dated the 13th October, 1952, have been removed by the Election Commission in exercise of the powers conferred on it by the said clause and section 144 of the said Act respectively:—

Shri R. Perumalsami Naicker,  
Chidambarapuram,  
Kadambur Post,  
Kovilpatti Taluk,  
Tirunelveli District.

[No. MD-P/52(5)/BYE.]

By order,  
P. S. SUBRAMANIAN, Secy.

#### MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

*New Delhi, the 4th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1489.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Entry 3(b) of the Table annexed to Schedule I to the Indian Arms Rules, 1951, the Central Government is pleased to specify Nawab Dulhan Ayesha Begum of Kurwai, a member of the family of the Ruler of Kurwai for the purposes of that entry in respect of one revolver, one rifle and one 12 bore gun only.

[No. F.8/10/55-Police.IV.]

*New Delhi-2, the 8th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1490.**—The Central Government is pleased to notify that  
Yuvraj Shri Digvijaysinhji

and

Maharajkumar Shri Ranjitsinhji,  
sons of His Highness the Maharana Raj Saheb of Wankaner, have been  
nominated by the said Ruler for the purpose of Entry 2(b) of the Table annexed  
to Schedule I of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

[No. F.8/9/55-PIV.]

C. P. S. MENON, Under Secy.

*New Delhi, the 6th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1491.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and all other powers enabling it in that behalf, the Central Government hereby directs that every notification issued or deemed to be issued under the said section exempting Raja Sarat Chandra Munipal, Ruler of Pal-Lahara (Orissa), from the operation of any prohibition or direction contained in the said Act shall—

- (a) if the notification relates exclusively to him, stand cancelled;
- (b) if the notification relates to a class of persons, which includes the said Ruler, shall cease to extend to him.

[No. F30/2/55-Poll.III.]

S. NARAYANSWAMY, Dy. Secy.

*New Delhi, the 7th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1492.**—In pursuance of clause (1) of article 239 of the Constitution, the President hereby directs that the Chief Commissioner of Bhopal shall, subject to the control of the President and until further orders, exercise the powers and discharge the functions of the State Government under section 57 of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 (V of 1908) in the State of Bhopal.

[No. F.3(7)/55-Judl.II.]

K. B. MANDLEKAR, Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF FINANCE

*New Delhi, the 12th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1493.**—In exercise of powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 and, in relation to persons serving in the Indian Audit and Accounts Department, also by clause (5) of article 148 of the Constitution, read with articles 313 and 372 thereof and paragraph 19 of the Adaptation of Laws Order, 1950, the President, after consulting with the Comptroller and Auditor General as regards the persons referred to above, hereby directs that the following further amendment shall be made in the Fundamental Rules, namely:—

In the said Rules—

In sub-rule (6) of rule 9, sub-clause (iii) of clause (a) shall be omitted.

[No. F.10(21)-EIII/55.]

H. F. B. PAIS, Dy. Secy.

**(Department of Economic Affairs)**  
**(Company Law and Investment Administration)**

COMPANY LAW

*New Delhi, the 8th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1494.**—It is hereby notified for general information that in pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 248 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, (VII of 1913), the Central Government has appointed Shri Bansi Dhar, Assistant Secretary (Judicial) to be the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies for Himachal Pradesh with effect from the 21st June 1955 vice Shri Chet Ram.

[No. 23 (35) -CL/48.]

S. S. SHARMA, Under Secy.

**MINISTRY OF FINANCE (REVENUE DIVISION)**

; ESTATE DUTY

*New Delhi, the 12th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1495.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Estate Duty Act, 1953 (34 of 1953), the Central Government hereby appoints the persons whose names are given in the Appendix as Valuers for the purposes of the said Act for a period of three years from the date of this Notification:

Provided that any Valuer whose appointment expires by efflux of time shall be eligible for re-appointment if he satisfies the conditions relating to the appointment of Valuers for the time being in force.

The scale of charges for the remuneration of Valuers appointed by the Central Government for valuing any property shall be as fixed below, and no such Valuer shall charge a fee at a scale higher than the scale so fixed.

*Scale of Charges*

On the first Rs. 50,000 of the property so valued— $\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. of the value.

On the next Rs. 1,00,000 of the property so valued— $\frac{1}{4}$  per cent. of the value.

On the balance of the property so valued— $\frac{1}{8}$  per cent. of the value.

APPENDIX

S. No.	Name	Address
(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>I.—Engineers/Surveyors/Architects</i>		
1.	Shri Noorani K. A., B. E. (Civil) M. I. E.	Mustafa Buildings, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay.
2.	" Rathod M. P., B. E., (Civil), A. M. I. E., M. R. San. I (Lond.)	Union Bank Building (4th floor) Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay 1.
3.	" Sanghani Chunilal K., B. Sc., B. E. (Civil).	79, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.
4.	" Venkatesh Rao C. R., B. Sc., B. E., A. M. I. E.	G-72, Osmania Buildings, Narasimharaja Road, Bangalore—2.
5.	" Bysakh B., B. E. (Mech.), A. M. I. E.	55, W. C. Bancrjee Street, Calcutta—6.
6.	" Anand R. G., G. D. Arch. (A. I. I. A.)	Sun Light Insurance Buildings, Ajmere Gate Extension, New Delhi.
7.	" Kalra K. R., B. A., C. E., M. I. E.	56, Friends Colony, Mathura Road, New Delhi.
8.	" Kuriyan I., B. A., B. E., M. I. E.	Pathyl, Tiruvella, P. O., Travancore-Cochin
<i>II.—Accountants</i>		
1.	Shri Dastur D. N., F. C. A.	C/o Dastur Kanga & Co., Chartered Accountants, 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay—1.
2.	" Kanga J. R., F. C. A.	C/o Dastur Kanga & Co., Chartered Accountants, 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay—1.
3.	" Kelkar D. K., A. C. A.	Kalyani Barracks, Camp Satara (Bombay State).
4.	" Tanvade D. S., B. Com, A. C. A.	A/9, Kapur Mahal, 65, Marine Drive, Bombay.
5.	" Chakravarti, N. M. A., F. C. A.	8/2, Hastings Street, Calcutta—1.
6.	" Kapur N. D., F. C. A.	B—Block, Connaught Place, New Delhi.

[No. 13/F. No. 5/63/55-ED.]  
 R. K. DAS Dy. Secy.

## CUSTOMS

*New Delhi, the 16th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1496.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts porcelain bushings falling under item 72(39) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (XXXII of 1934), which are component parts of transformers falling under the aforesaid item, when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the latter Act cited above as is in excess of 5½ per cent *ad valorem*, and also from the additional duty of customs leviable thereon under any law for the time being in force.

[No. 113.]

**S.R.O. 1497.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts electrical accessories made of plastics, such as wall plugs, switches, ceiling roses and lamp holders, designed for use in circuits of ten or more than ten amperes, when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry and falling under item 73(16) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (XXXII of 1934), from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the second mentioned Act as is in excess of the duty of 5½ per cent *ad valorem*.

[No. 114.]

**S.R.O. 1498.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts all consumable stores on board a vessel in the foreign trade lying in harbour for a period not exceeding:

(a) three months of her entry inward, if she is laid up (i) for want of freight or (ii) for repairs, and

(b) one month of her entry inward if she is laid up for other reasons, (such as, for the convenience of the owners or their agents)

from the whole of the customs duty leviable thereon under the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1953 (XXXII of 1934):

Provided that in case the time limits specified above are exceeded, all such stores including those already consumed, brought by the vessel on her entry inward, shall be liable to the customs duty leviable:

Provided further that the time-limits specified above may be extended by the Chief Customs Officer, if he is satisfied that the delay is beyond the control of the owners of the vessel or their agents.

[No. 115.]

**S.R.O. 1499.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the late Finance Department (Central Revenues), No. 33-Customs, dated the 22nd June, 1935, namely:—

In Schedule I annexed to the said notification, Serial No. 43 and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted.

[No. 116.]

E. RAJARAM RAO, Jt. Secy.

## CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE

## INCOME-TAX

*New Delhi, the 12th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1500.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 5 of the Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922) and in supersession of its notification S.R.O. 2854 (No. 50-Income-tax, dated the 31st August 1954) and S.R.O. 1339

(No. 53-Income-tax, dated the 15th June 1955), the Central Board of Revenue hereby directs that—

(1) Shri Pyarelal Aggarwal, a Commissioner of Income-tax shall perform all the functions of a Commissioner of Income-tax in respect of the areas comprised in the States of Mysore, Travancore-Cochin and Coorg and the area known as Fort Cochin in the Malabar District of the State of Madras.

(2) Shri P. Mukherji, a Commissioner of Income-tax shall perform all the functions of a Commissioner of Income-tax, in respect of the areas comprised in the State of Madras excluding the area known as Fort Cochin in the Malabar District:

Provided that the aforesaid Shri Pyarelal Aggarwal and Shri P. Mukherji while discharging the functions specified in this paragraph shall also perform the functions of a Commissioner of Income-tax in respect of such persons or such cases as have been or may be assigned by the Central Board of Revenue to any Income-tax Authority subordinate to him:

Provided further none of the said Commissioners shall perform his function, in respect of such persons or such cases as have been or may be assigned to any Income-tax Authority outside his jurisdictional areas.

While exercising the said functions the said Shri Pyarelal Aggarwal and Shri P. Mukherji shall be designated as Commissioner of Income-tax, Mysore, Travancore-Cochin and Commissioner of Income-tax, Madras respectively.

This notification shall be deemed to have taken effect from the 27th day of June 1955.

[No. 61.]

[No. 55/65/55-IT.]

[K. B. DEB, Under Secy.]

#### CUSTOMS

*New Delhi, the 16th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1501.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Land Customs Act, 1924 (XIX of 1924), the Central Board of Revenue directs that the following further amendment shall be made in its notification No. 22, Customs, dated 2nd February 1952, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, under the heading 'D. Land Customs Areas under the jurisdiction of the Collector of Land Customs, Shillong', under the sub-heading "AGARTALA CIRCLE" in columns 1 and 2 for the entry.

"KAMTHANA (in Sadar Division)

The portion of the Buriganga river from the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

**BISALGARH TO KAMTHANA"**

"KRISHNAKISHORENAGAR (In Sadar Division)

(i) The portion of the Buriganga river from BISALGARH to KAMTHANA.

(ii) Bisalgarh—Nayanpur Road".

[No. 110]

**S.R.O. 1502.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 75 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Board of Revenue hereby directs that the following amendment shall be made in its notification No. 53-Customs, dated the 17th June, 1950, namely:—

In paragraph I(1) of the said notification for the words "at the Sorting Air Mail Office at Delhi in the case of air-port of Delhi", the words "at the Sorting Air Mail Office and the Office of the Foreign Post at New Delhi in the case of air-ports of Delhi" shall be substituted.

[No. 111]

**S.R.O. 1503.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (f) section 11 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), as applied to the State of Pondicherry,

the Central Board of Revenue hereby declares that the premises described below, shall, for the purposes of the said Act, be deemed to be a custom-house at the port of Karikal.

The entire ground floor of the port office building including Government houses situated on the North Arasalar Road opposite the Passenger Jetty belonging to the Government and bounded on the North by Puliankotai Salai Road, on the South by the Northern Bank of the Arasalar River and Jetty, on the east by paddy fields and on the west by Puliankotai Salai Road.

[No. 112.]

W. SALDANIA, Secy.

## MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

*Bombay, the 17th June 1955*

**S.R.O. 1504.**—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 22 of the Cotton Textiles (Control) Order, 1948, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 80-Tex.1/48(iii) dated the 2nd August 1948, namely:—

In the said notification, in paragraph 13 for item (e) the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

“(e) cloth produced by a producer having no spinning plant and who pays excise duty on the basis of the number of powerlooms employed”.

M. R. KAZIMI,

Joint Textile Commissioner.

[No. T.C.(3)34/48]

*New Delhi, the 9th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1505.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (i) of clause 5 of the Cotton Textiles (Export Control) Order, 1949, the Central Government hereby directs that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Commerce No. 67-CW(25A)/48, dated the 26th March, 1949, namely:—

In the said notification, in sub-paragraph (4) of paragraph 2 for the words “containing not more than six such items” the words “containing not more than twelve such items” shall be substituted.

[No. 46(34)-CT(A)/52-25.]

V. NATESAN, Under Secy.






## (INDIAN STANDARDS INSTITUTION)

*Delhi, the 30th June, 1955.*

**No. S.R.O. 1506.**—In pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 4 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Rules, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Standard Marks, designs of which together with the verbal descriptions of the designs and the titles of the related Indian Standards are given in the Schedule here to annexed, have been specified.

These Standard Marks, for the purpose of the Indian Standards Institution Certification Marks Act, 1952 and the rules and regulations framed thereunder, shall come into force with effect from 20th July 1955.

## THE SCHEDULE

Design of the Standard Mark	No and title of relevant Indian Standard	Verbal description of the design of the Standard Mark
(1)	(2)	(3)
<b>IS:282</b> 	IS : 282-1951 Specification for Hard-Drawn Copper Solid and Standard Circular Conductors for Overhead Power Transmission Purposes ( <i>Tentative</i> ).	The monogram of the Indian Standards Institution, consisting of letters ISI, drawn in the exact style and relative proportions as indicated in column (1), the monogram to be superscribed by the number designation of the Indian Standard indicated in column (2).
<b>IS:396</b> 	IS : 396-1953 Specification for Bare Annealed High-Conductivity Copper Wire for Electrical Machinery and Apparatus ( <i>Tentative</i> ).	Do.
<b>IS:398</b> 	IS : 398-1953 Specification for Hard-Drawn Standard Aluminium and Steel-Cored Aluminium Conductors for Overhead Power Transmission Purposes ( <i>Tentative</i> ).	Do.
<b>IS:434</b> 	IS : 434-1953 Specification for Rubber-Insulated Cables and Flexible Cords for Electric Power and Lighting (for Working Voltages Up to and Including 11 KV) ( <i>Tentative</i> ).	Do.
<b>IS:450</b> 	IS : 450-1953 Specification for Cotton-Covered High-Conductivity Annealed Round Copper Wire.	Do.



IS:530



IS : 530-1954 Specification for Solid-Woven Impregnated Hair Belting for Power Transmission (*Tentative*).

The monogram of the Indian Standards Institution, consisting of letters ISI, drawn in the exact style and relative proportions as indicated in column (1), the monogram to be superscribed by the number designation of the Indian Standard indicated in column (2).

[No. MDC/II(5)]

Delhi, the 6th July 1955

**S. R. O. 1507**—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 3 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Rules, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Indian Standards given in the schedule hereto annexed have been established during the quarter ending 30 June 1955.

## THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	No. of Indian Standard	Title of Indian Standard
1	IS : 384-1954	Specification for Brushes, Paints and Varnishes, Flat
2	IS : 486-1954	Specification for Brushes, Paints and Varnishes, Sash Tool
3	IS : 487-1954	Specification for Brushes, Paints and Varnishes, (i) Oval, Ferule Bound, and (ii) Round, Copper Wire Bound
4	IS : 494-1955	Specification for Aluminium Stearate for Lubricants
5	IS : 520-1954	Specification for Enamel, Brushing, Exterior, Type 1 (Synthetic) (1) Undercoating, (2) Finishing, Colour as Required ( <i>Tentative</i> )
6	IS : 521-1954	Specification for Enamel, Spraying, Exterior, Type 1 (Synthetic) (1) Undercoating, (2) Finishing, Colour as Required ( <i>Tentative</i> )
7	IS : 522-1954	Specification for Enamel, Brushing, Exterior, Type 2, (1) Undercoating, (2) Finishing, Colour as Required ( <i>Tentative</i> )
8	IS : 523-1954	Specification for Enamel, Spraying, Exterior, Type 2, (1) Undercoating, (2) Finishing, Colour as Required ( <i>Tentative</i> )
9	IS : 524-1954	Specification for Varnish, Finishing, Exterior, Type 1 (Synthetic) ( <i>Tentative</i> )
10	IS : 525-1954	Specification for Varnish, Finishing, Exterior, and General Purposes, Type 2 ( <i>Tentative</i> )
11	IS : 555-1955	Specification for Table-Type Electric Fans ( <i>Tentative</i> )
12	IS : 558-1954	Specification for Linseed Oil, Pharmaceutical
13	IS : 582-1954	Methods of Sampling and Test for Vegetable and Chrome Tanned Leathers
14	IS : 589-1954	Procedures for Basic Climatic Tests for Electronic Components ( <i>Tentative</i> )
15	IS : 590-1954	Specification for Fixed Paper Dielectric Capacitors ( <i>Tentative</i> )
16	IS : 591-1954	Specification for Low-Power, Low Voltage Mains Transformers for Radio Receivers, Amplifiers, Small Transmitters and Similar Other Purposes ( <i>Tentative</i> )
17	IS : 592-1954	Specification for Audio Output Transformers or Radio Receivers, Amplifiers, Small Transmitters and Similar Other Purposes ( <i>Tentative</i> )
18	IS : 597-1955	Specification for Black Plate for Tinning, and Tin-Plate ( <i>Tentative</i> )
19	IS : 614-1954	Methods of Measurements on Receivers for Amplitude Modulation Broadcast Transmissions ( <i>Tentative</i> )
20	IS : 617-1955	Specification for Aluminium and Aluminium Alloy Ingots and Castings for General Engineering Purposes ( <i>Tentative</i> )

Sl. No.	No. of Indian Standard	Title of Indian Standard
21	IS : 652-1955	Specification for Anhydrous Ammonia
22	IS : 670-1955	Specification for Serge, Worsted, Dyed (Superior)
23	IS : 671-1955	Specification for Serge Service Dress (Drab Mixture)
24	IS : 699-1955	Specification for Spool Centres for Jute Spool Winding Machines
25	IS : 700-1955	Specification for Solid Flange Bobbins for Jute Roving Frames
26	IS : 705-1955	Specification for Dry Battery-Operated Community Radio Receivers ( <i>Tentative</i> )
27	IS : 706-1955	Specification for AC Mains-Operated Community Radio Receivers ( <i>Tentative</i> )

[MDC/II(2)]

**S. R. O. 1508.**—In pursuance of sub-regulations (2) and (3) of regulation 3 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution, hereby notifies that the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule here annexed, have been established during the period 23 May to 2 July 1955.

## THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	No. and title of the Indian Standard established	No. and title of the Indian Standard or Standards, if any, superseded by the new Indian Standard	Brief Particulars
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	IS : 587-1955 Specification for Geranium Oil	..	This standard prescribes requirements and methods of test for geranium oil which is used by the soap, cosmetics and pharmaceutical industries as also in tobacco products and in perfumery. (Price Re. 1/-).
2	IS : 627-1955 Specification for Bicycle Chains ( <i>Tentative</i> )	.	This standard covers the dimensions of full length chains for bicycles and the tests to be applied to them. Only those dimensions which are considered essential for the purpose of facilitating the smooth working of chains the chainwheels and for their interchangeability have been specified. (Price Re. 1/-).

Copies of all these standards are available for sale with the Secretary (Administration), Indian Standards Institution, 19 University Road, Delhi-8.

[No. MDC/11(4)]  
(Sd.) D. V. KARMARKAR,  
Deputy Director (Marks).  
Indian Standards Institution.

T.S. RAMASWAMI, *Under Secy.*

*New Delhi, the 12th July 1955.*

**S.R.O. 1509.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act 1952 (LXXIV of 1952), the Central Government hereby directs that the powers exercisable by it under the provisions of Clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 8 of the said Act may also be exercised by the Secretary, Forward Markets Commission, Bombay.

[No. 33/1/54-I.P.(B).]

K. B. LALL, Jt. Secy.

*New Delhi, the 11th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1510.**—IDRA/10/1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (LXV of 1951), the Central Government hereby fixes a period of eight months from the date of this notification, as the period within which the owner of every existing industrial undertaking pertaining to the machine screw industry not being the Central Government, shall register the undertaking in the prescribed manner.

[No. 4(6)-IA(G)/53.]

*New Delhi, the 13th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1511.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 Central Government is hereby makes the following Order, namely:—

1. (a) This Order may be called the Cotton Control Order, 1955.

(b) It extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(c) It shall come into force at once.

(d) The Cotton Controller Order, 1950 is hereby repealed:

Provided that any order made, notification issued, right accrued, penal penalty incurred, or anything done under the said order or any corresponding order in force shall be deemed to have been made issued, accrued, incurred or done under the corresponding provisions of this order.

2. In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "Carrier" includes a railway administration or any other person engaged in the business of transporting property from one place to another by land, air, or water;

(b) "Contract" means a contract made or to be performed in whole or in part in India relating to the sale or purchase of cotton;

(c) "cotton" means—

(i) ginned cotton; and

(ii) ginned and pressed cotton;  
and includes both Indian and foreign cotton;

(d) "cotton ginning factory" shall have the same meaning as in the Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925;

(e) 'Cotton season' means the period from the 1st day of September of once calendar year, until and inclusive of, the thirty first day of August in the next calendar year;

(f) "Foreign cotton" means cotton grown in any country outside India;

(g) "Form" means a form appended to this order;

(h) "forward contract" means a contract for the delivery of cotton at some future date and which is not of the nature of a ready delivery contract;

(i) "India" does not include the State of Jammu and Kashmir;

(j) "Indian cotton" means cotton grown at any place in India;

(k) Licensing authority means—

(a) in relation to A class licence, the Textile Commissioner; and

(b) in relation to C class licence, the State Government or any officer authorised by the State Government in this behalf for any specified area.

(l) "manufacturer" means a manufacturer of yarn;

(m) "option in cotton" means a contract, by whatever name called for the purchase or sale of a right to buy or sell or a right to buy and sell cotton in future, and includes a teji, a mandi or a teji-mandi in cotton;

(n) an article shall be deemed to be in the possession of a person when it is held on behalf of that person by another person or when held by that persons on behalf of another person;

(o) the expressions "yarn" and "Textile Commissioner" shall have the same meaning as they have in the cotton Textiles (Control Order, 1948).

3. (1) The Textile Commissioner may fix the maximum and the minimum prices at which any cotton or kapas or cotton seed may be sold or purchased.

(2) Where the maximum and minimum prices have been fixed as aforesaid in respect of any cotton or kapas or cotton seed, no person shall sell or offer to sell or purchase or offer to purchase any such cotton or kapas or cotton seed at a price exceeding the maximum or lower than the minimum price so fixed

4. Except in the cases excluded from the operation of this clause under clause 6, no person shall enter into:—

- (a) any contract; or
- (b) any option in cotton.

5. All contracts and options in cotton entered into or made after the commencement of this Order in contravention of clause 4 shall be void.

6. The Textile Commissioner may by general order and subject to such restrictions and conditions as he may prescribe exclude from the operation of clause 4 any class or description of contracts.

7. (1) The Textile Commissioner may specify the maximum quantity of any description of cotton which a manufacturer may buy during a specified period or within a specified area or which at any time he may have in his possession.

(2) The Textile Commissioner in the exercise of the powers conferred upon him under sub-clause (1) shall have regard to the following matters, namely:—

- (a) in the case of a manufacturer doing business of manufacturing yarn before the 1st September 1951, the consumption by the manufacturer of different descriptions of cotton grown in India and in Pakistan, for the purpose of manufacturing yarn during the cotton season 1951-52, or where the manufacture of yarn was for any reason interrupted in that season, during such other cotton season, as the Textile Commissioner may, in the circumstances of the case deem equitable.
- (b) the capacity of the manufacturer to manufacture yarn during the previous cotton season,
- (c) the defaults, if any, made by the manufacturer in buying cotton allotted to him during the previous cotton season.

(3) No manufacturer shall buy or have in his possession a quantity of any cotton exceeding the maximum quantity specified as aforesaid.

8. Without prejudice to any order made under sub-clause (1) of clause 7, where, at any time, in the opinion of the Textile Commissioner, any manufacturer has in his possession a quantity of cotton in excess of the quantity which would reasonably be required by him for manufacturing yarn in the next six months, it shall be open to the Textile Commissioner, to the extent of such excess, to direct such manufacturer to sell such quantity of the excess cotton at such price and on such conditions as may be specified; and every manufacture shall comply with such direction.

9. No person shall purchase, sell, store or carry on business in cotton or shall hold cotton in hypothecation or against a pledge except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence in Form "A".

Exception.—Nothing in this clause shall apply—

- (a) to a manufacturer;
- (b) to a person who purchases or stores cotton for his own use and not for the purpose of sale and who does not at any time have in his possession a quantity of cotton exceeding 24 bales of ginned and pressed cotton or boras of ginned cotton.
- (c) to cotton known as Assam/Comilla.

(d) to any transaction of sale or purchase of cotton authorised in writing by the licensing authority.

(e) to a grower in respect of cotton produced by him.

10. (1) There shall be the following two classes of licences granted under this Order, namely:—

(i) "A" Class Licence.

(ii) "C" Class Licence.

(2) Every such licence shall be in the appropriate form.

11. (1) Every person who

(i) has held an "A" class licence during the cotton season 1951-52, or

(ii) is a member of the East India Cotton Association Ltd., Bombay or being a citizen of India, was a Member of the Karachi Cotton Association Ltd., during any of the cotton season 1946-47 and 1947-48, or

(iii) has sold a minimum quantity of 1,000 bales of cotton directly to any manufacturer during any of the cotton seasons 1946-47, 1947-48, 1948-49, 1949-50, 1950-51 and 1951-52, or

(iv) has, during any of the cotton seasons 1949-50, 1950-51 and 1951-52, exported Indian cotton to any place outside India, or

(v) is a Scheduled Bank,

shall be entitled to an 'A' Class Licence.

(2) Every person who is not entitled for an 'A' class licence or being entitled does not apply for or is refused an 'A' class licence shall be eligible for an 'C' class licence in the direction of the authority competent to grant such licence; provided that notwithstanding any person being entitled to an 'A' class licence under this clause, the licensing authority may refuse to grant such licence to that person, if for reasons to be recorded in writing, it is of the opinion that that person is unfit to hold such a licence.

12. Any person desiring a licence shall make an application to the appropriate Licensing Authority of his State in Form "B".

13. (1) Every licence granted under this Order shall be valid for the area and for the period specified in the licence but may be renewed from time to time for a period of one year.

(2) There shall be charged for the grant or renewal of a licence of the type specified in column 1 of the undermentioned table, the fee specified in column 2 thereof:—

Table

1	2
Type of Licence	Amount of Fee
'A' Class Licence	Rs. 100
'C' Class Licence	Rs. 25.

Provided that in respect of any one year no person shall be liable to pay more than Rs. 25 for the grant or renewal of any number of C class licences within the same State and the amount, if any, paid by him in excess of Rs. 25 shall, on application made in that behalf, be refunded to him by the State Government.

14. If a licence granted under this Order is lost or destroyed the Licensing Authority may after making such enquiry as it may deem fit, issue a duplicate licence on payment of a fee of Rs. 5.

15. (1) No person being the holder of a licence issued under this Order shall contravene any of the conditions mentioned in the licence and if any such person contravenes any of the said conditions, then without prejudice to any other remedy his licence may be cancelled by the Licensing Authority.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (1) the Licensing Authority may without previous notice or without assigning reasons suspend or cancel a licence issued under this Order and such cancellation or suspension shall not entitle the licensee to any compensation or the refund of any fees paid in respect of any such licence.

16. (1) The Textile Commissioner may direct any person to furnish samples of any cotton in his possession; and may issue such instructions as he thinks fit regarding such samples.

(2) Every person, to whom a direction or instruction is issued under this clause, shall comply with any such direction or instruction.

17. (1) Where the Textile Commissioner has, in exercise of the powers conferred upon him under sub-clause (1) of clause 7 specified the maximum quantity of any description of cotton which a manufacturer may buy, the manufacturers may make an application to the Textile Commissioner for an allotment of such cotton or any portion thereof.

(2) On receiving such an application, the Textile Commissioner may make an allotment to the manufacturer of specified quantities of the required cotton to be acquired from specified licensees at specified prices and within a specified time.

(3) In the exercise of powers conferred upon him by sub-clause (2) the Textile Commissioner shall have regard to the following matters namely:—

- (a) the availability of the required description of cotton for distribution among manufacturers;
- (b) the stocks of cotton in the possession of the applicant; and
- (c) the maximum quantity of the required description of cotton for specified under sub-clause (1) of clause 7 in respect of the applicant and other manufactures.

(4) Where the Textile Commissioner has made any allotment under sub-clause (2) the manufacturer shall acquire from the specified licensees and the specified licensee shall, notwithstanding anything contained in the terms of his licence, sell or deliver to the manufacturer, the allotted quantities of cotton at specified price and within the specified time;

Provided that where the manufacturer fails to acquire such cotton or any part thereof from the specified licensees within the specified time, the Textile Commissioner may cancel the order of allotment in respect of any cotton not so acquired.

*Explanation*—In this clause and the next succeeding clause, the expression “manufacturer” includes an A class licensee authorised in writing by a manufacturer to purchase cotton on his behalf.

18. (1) The Textile Commissioner may, for the purpose of securing proper distribution of cotton among manufacturers and with the previous sanction of the Central Government, appoint for any specified area a distribution committee consisting of such number of persons as the Textile Commissioner may deem fit.

(2) Where a distribution committee has been appointed under sub-clause (1) for any area—

- (a) No manufacturer shall acquire cotton grown in that area except in pursuance of an allotment made in accordance with the provisions of clause 17; and
- (b) the functions of the Textile Commissioner under clause 17 shall be exercisable by the distribution committee in the like manner and subject to the like restrictions.

19. The Textile Commissioner may appoint any person or persons to advise him for the purpose of fixing the exact value of the cotton directed to be sold under any of the provisions of this Order in regard to any case or classes of cases.

20. The Textile Commissioner may make regulations—

- (a) prescribing the form of application for manufacturers who desire assistance from the Textile Commissioner for the purpose of obtaining supplies of cotton;
- (b) regarding the payment of the price and survey and other expenses including the deposit of any amount as earnest money in respect of such assistance; and
- (c) generally, as regards the procedure to be followed in giving effect to such applications.

21. (1) The Textile Commissioner may direct any person holding stocks of kapas to get it ginned before a specified date and every such person shall comply with such direction.

(2) The Textile Commissioner may by a general order prohibit from such date or dates as may be specified in the order the possession of any kapas of a specified description or in a specified area except under and in accordance with the permission in writing of the Textile Commissioner.

22. The Textile Commissioner may by general or special order prohibit the transport of cotton or kapas from any place within any area to any place outside that area by rail, road or water except under such conditions, limitations and restrictions as may be specified in such order.

23. The Textile Commissioner may by order in writing direct any carrier to close the booking and transport of any cotton or kapas by rail, road or water between such places and for such period as may be specified in the order and such carrier shall comply with the order.

24. The Textile Commissioner may with a view to securing compliance with this Order:—

- (a) require any person to give any information in his possession with respect to any business carried on by that or any other person;
- (b) inspect or cause to be inspected any books or other documents belonging to or under the control of any person;
- (c) enter and search or authorise any person to enter and search any premises and seize or authorise any person to seize any article in respect of which he has reason to believe a contravention of this Order has been committed and any other article in the premises which he has reason to believe has been or is intended to be used in connection with such contravention.

25. Every person who is required to give any information under clause 23 shall comply with such requisition.

26. (1) Every manufacturer shall submit to the Textile Commissioner before the 12th July 1955 and thereafter before the 12th day of every succeeding month a return in Form 'D' giving all the particulars specified therein.

(2) Every manufacturer shall submit to the Textile Commissioner, for the first fortnight of July 1955 and for every fortnight thereafter, a return in Form 'E' giving all the particulars specified therein. The return should reach the Textile Commissioner not later than 7 days after the completion of the fortnight.

27. The Textile Commissioner, with the previous sanction of the Central Government, may by general or special order in writing authorise any officer to exercise on his behalf all or any of his functions and powers under this Order.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY  
(Office of the Textile Commissioner).

*Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay*

FORM 'A'

(See clause 9)

The Cotton Control Order, 1955, Licence for purchase, sale or storage or for carrying on business in cotton or for holding cotton in hypothecation or against pledge.

Subject to the provisions of the Cotton Control Order, 1955 (hereinafter referred to as the 'aid order') and to the terms and conditions of this licence

.....  
.....  
is/are hereby authorised to purchase, sell, store, carry on business in cotton or hold cotton in hypothecation or against pledge in the following area or areas:—

.....  
.....  
2. The licensee shall carry on the aforesaid business at the following place(s):—

.....  
.....  
3. The Licensee shall maintain a register of daily accounts in respect of each description of cotton in which he deals, showing correctly—

- (a) the opening stock on each day;
- (b) the quantities received on each day showing, the place of origin and the name and address of the person from whom received;—
- (c) the quantities sold, delivered or otherwise removed on each day showing the place of destination, the name and address of the person to whom they are sold or delivered, or for whom they are removed;
- (d) the closing stock on each day.

4. The licensee shall in respect of each description of cotton submit to the appropriate licensing authority or any other officer authorised by it in this behalf within five days of the completion of each fortnight, a true return in Form 'C'.

5. The licensee shall not sell, hypothecate or pledge cotton to any person who does not hold a licence under the said Order or is not otherwise authorised to purchase cotton.

6. The licensee shall issue to every customer a correct receipt or invoice as the case may be, giving his own name, address and licence number, the name, address and licence number of the customer, the date of transaction, the quantity sold, the rate per khandy and the total amount charged and shall keep a duplicate of the same available for inspection on demand by the licensing authority or any officer authorised by such authority in this behalf.

FORM 'B'

(See clause 12)

1. Applicant's Name.

2. Where the applicant is a Corporation or a Partnership firm, the names of the Directors or the partners, as the case may be.



3. Applicant's full address.

4. Whether the application is for an 'A' Class or 'C' Class Licence.

5. (a) Have you, during the 1951/52 season, held an 'A' or 'B' Class Licence?

(b) (i) Are you a member of the East India Cotton Association Ltd., Bombay?

(ii) Were you a member of the Karachi Cotton Association Ltd., during the cotton season 1946/47 or 1947/48?

(c) State the following particulars:—

(i)	Cotton Season	Quantity of Cotton sold (in bales) directly to Manufacturers.
	1946/47	
	1947/48	
	1948/49	
	1949/50	
	1950/51	
(ii)	Cotton Season	Quantity exported (in bales) to any place outside India.
	1949/50	
	1950/51	
	1951/52	

6. The location of the applicant's place of business, godown and other premises used by him for the sale or storage of cotton (detailed address of these places should be given).

I have carefully read the conditions of the licence given in Form 'A' appended to the Cotton Control Order, 1950, and I agree to abide by them.

#### "DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the information given below is true to the best of my knowledge.

Signature of the Applicant."

7. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to the licensing authority or any officer authorised by such authority in this behalf, for the inspection of his stocks and accounts at any shop, godown or other place used by him for the storage or sale of cotton and for taking samples of cotton for examination.

8. The licensee shall comply with any directions that may be given to him in regard to the purchase, sale, storage, hypothecation or pledge of cotton and in regard to the language in which the register, returns, receipts or invoices mentioned in paragraphs 3, 4 and 6 shall be maintained submitted or issued and in regard to the maintenance of the register mentioned in paragraph 3

Signature of the Licensing Authority.

Date.....195 .

## FORM 'C'

(See Paragraph 4 of Form 'A')

*Return of Stocks, receipts and sale of cotton for the fortnight ending* .....  
 (To be submitted within five days after the close of each fortnight)

**INSTRUCTIONS :** All figures should be in terms of bales of 400 lbs. weight each whether ginned or ginned and pressed and whether Indian cotton or foreign cotton.

Licencee's Name .....

Address .....

Licence No. ....

Variety of cotton	Opening balance i.e. Stocks at the beginning of the fortnight		Receipts during the fort- night	Total Colu- mns (2 + 3 + 4)	Sales during the fort- night	Delive- ries during the fort- night	Closing Balance i.e. Stocks at the end of the fortnight	
	Bales sold but not delivered	Bales un-sold					Bales sold but not delivered	Bales un-sold
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Bengal Deshi .								
2. Oomras short staple:								
(a) Oomra Deshi .								
(b) C. P. I. & II .								
(c) Central India Deshi .								
3. Oomras Long Staple :								
(a) Jarilla & II 420								
(b) Gaorani, 6 & 12								
(c) Parbhani Ameri- can .								
(d) Buri .								
4. Punjab-American :								
(a) 216 .								
(b) LSS .								
(c) Other Americans								
5. Broach Vijay .								
6. Surti .								
7. Dholleras :								
(a) Wagad .								
(b) Kalagin .								
(c) Mathia .								
8. Westerns / Nor- therns :								
(a) Mungari .								
(b) Farm .								
9. Coconadas / War- rangal .								
10. Comptas :								
(a) Jayadha .								
(b) Laxmi .								
(c) Upland .								
11. Cambodias :								
(a) Cambodias .								
(b) Karungannies .								
(c) Rajapalayam .								
12. Assam Commillas								
13. Other Indian Cot- ton .								
<b>TOTAL INDIAN COTTON</b>								

FORM 'D'

[See Clause 25(1) of the Cotton Control Order 1955]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

(Office of the Textile Commissioner Bombay)

Monthly return of Stocks, consumption and Sales of Cotton, Cotton Waste (Soft Waste) and staple Fibre as on.....

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This form should be completed in accordance with the instructions given below and sent to the office of the textile Commissioner, Cotton Branch, Hararwala Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay, so as to reach on or before the 12th of every month giving the position as on the last date of the previous month. Mills are advised in their own interests to post the returns under a certificate of posting or registered with acknowledgement due. Failure to submit the return by the due date will render you liable to prosecution.

2. Cotton :—(a) All figures should be in terms of bales of 400 lbs weight each whether ginned or ginned and pressed and whether Indian cotton or Foreign cotton.

(b) The description of Indian cotton should correspond to the definitions in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No ..... dated .....

3. Cotton Waste (Soft Waste) :—

(a) The Cotton Waste (Soft Waste) referred to means all kinds of cotton waste such as droppings, fly, strippings, bondas and all other kinds of waste from the Blow Room, Carding Engine, Comber, Inter, Slubbing and Roving Frames

(b) All figures of Cotton Waset (Soft Waste) should be expressed in cwts.

4. Staple Fibre :—All figures should be expressed in lbs.

Mill's Name .....

Date.....

Mill's Full Address.....

Mill's Telegraphic Address.....

No. of shifts worked during the month.....

Description of cotton	Stocks on 31-5-55 wherever stored, whether within or outside the town where mill is situated	Total stocks acquired since 1-6-55 wherever stored, whether within or outside the town where the Mill is situated	Total stocks received on loan and/or replacement of loan or transfer from 1-6-55	Total consumption since 1-6-55	Total sales since 1-6-55	Total stocks loaned and or transferred from 1-6-55	Total stocks burnt or otherwise destroyed from 1-6-55	Stocks on the last day of the month		
								Within the town where mill is situated (a)	Outside the town where mill is situated (b)	Total (c)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		

## PART I—INDIAN COTTON

## 1. Bengal Deshi

## 2. Oomras short staple :—

- (a) Oomra Deshi
- (b) C P I & II
- (c) Central India Deshi

## 3. Oomras long staple :—

- (a) Jarillas
- (b) Gaorani 6 and 12
- (c) Parbhani American
- (d) Buri

## 4. P Americans :—

- (a) 216F
- (b) L S S
- (c) Other Americans

## 5. Broach Vijay

## 6. Surti

7. Dholleras :—
  - (a) Wagad
  - (b) Kalagin
  - (c) Mathia
8. Westerns/Northerns :—
  - (a) Mungari
  - (b) Farm
9. Coconadas, Warrangal
10. Comptas :—
  - (a) Jayadhar
  - (b) Laxmi
  - (c) Upland
11. (a) Combodia
- (b) Karunganni
- (c) Rajpalayam
12. Other Indians

PART II—FOREIGN COTTON

Pakistan cotton—

13. 4F.
  14. L. S. S.
  15. 289F (Punjab)
  16. N. T. (Sind)  
Total Pakistan Cotton
  17. Egyptians :—
    - (a) Ashmouni.
    - (b) Zagoras.
    - (c) Giza 30.
    - (d) Giza 23.
    - (e) Karnak.
    - (f) Menoufi.
    - (g) Other Egyptians.Total Egyptians.
-

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
18. Sudan Egyptians.								
19. Sudan Americans.								
20. East Africans.								
21. Afghans.								
22. Americans :—								
(a) U.S.A.								
(b) Peruvians.								
23. Brazilians.								
24. Belgian Congo.								
25. Other Foreign Cotton								
TOTAL FOREIGN COTTON								
GRAND TOTAL OF ALL COTTONS								
PART III—OTHER FIBRES								
26. Cotton Waste (in cwts.)								
27. Staple Fibre (in lbs.)								
(a) Own Production								
(b) Purchases.								

I do hereby declare that I have compared the above figures with the records and books of my mills and that they are, in so far as they go, certain and accurate.

Date.....

Signature of Owner/Managing Agent/Manager.

## FORM 'E'

[See Clause 25(2) of the Cotton Control Order, 1955]

Return of purchases of Indian Cotton (ginned or ginned and pressed for the fortnight ending.....

Mill's Name .....

Mill's Full Address .....

Date of purchase	Seller's name & address & Licence (Form 'A') No	Location of cotton	Variety	Details of purchases of ginned Cotton		Details of purchases of Ginned & Pressed Cotton	
				Quantity of ginned cotton in candies of 784 lbs.	Price paid for the ginned Cotton per candy of 784 lbs.	Quantity in bales of 400 lbs.	Price paid per candy of 784 lbs.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

I do hereby declare that I have compared the above figures with the records and books of my Mills, and that they are, in so far as they go, certain and accurate.

Signature of Owner/Managing Agents/Manager.

Date . . . . .

[No. 24(22)-CT(A)/55-I.]

F. S. SUNDARAM, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 6th July 1955

**S.R.O. 1512.**—In pursuance of Rule 9 of the Development Council (Procedural) Rules, 1952, the Central Government hereby appoints Mr. A. T. Ford, M.P.S., Parke, Davis & Co. Ltd., Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay-1, as substitute to take the place of Mr. W. G. Lloyd, General Manager, Parke, Davis & Co. Ltd., Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay-1, for the meeting of the Development Council established under the order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry S.R.O. No. 473, dated the 24th February, 1955, for the Scheduled industry engaged in the manufacture and production of pharmaceuticals and drugs, to be held at Bombay on the 9th and 11th July, 1955.

[No. 5(15)IA(G)/54.]

New Delhi, the 9th July 1955

**S.R.O. 1513/2317/Am (1).**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 6 of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (LXV of 1951), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, No. S.R.O. 2317 dated the 17th December, 1953 namely:—

In paragraph 1(a) of the said Order, against the Category of members "being persons who in the opinion of the Central Government have special knowledge of matters relating to the technical or other aspects of the said Scheduled industry", for the entry "6. Shri Ishwar Datt, C/o The Atlas Cycle Industries, Ltd., Sonapat, Punjab" entry "6. Shri Ishwar Datt, C/o The Roadmaster Industries of India Ltd., 18, Rajendra Park, Poosa Road, New Delhi-5" shall be substituted.

[No. 5(11)IA(G)/55.]





3. The Central Government hereby assigns the following functions to the said Development Council, namely:—

- (1) Recommending targets for production, co-ordinating production programmes and reviewing progress from time to time.
- (2) Suggesting norms of efficiency with a view to eliminating waste, obtaining maximum production, improving quality and reducing costs.
- (3) Recommending measures for securing the fuller utilisation of the installed capacity and for improving the working of the industry, particularly of the less efficient units.
- (4) Promoting arrangements for better marketing and helping in the devising of a system of distribution and sale of the produce of the industry which would be satisfactory to the consumer.
- (5) Promoting standardisation of products.
- (6) Promoting or undertaking the collection and formulation of statistics.
- (7) Promoting the adoption of measures for increasing the productivity of labour, including measures for securing **safer and better working conditions** and provision and improvement of **amenities and incentives** for workers.

4. The headquarters of the Council will be at Bombay.

[No. 5(5) IA (G)/55.]

**S.R.O. 1516/IDRA/6/8.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (LXV of 1951), the Central Government hereby establishes for the industry engaged in the manufacture and production of textiles made of artificial silk, including artificial silk yarn, a Development Council which shall consist of the following members, namely:—

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1. Shri P.M. Chinai, The National Rayon Corporation Ltd., Ewart House, Bruce Street Fort, Bombay.           | To represent the interests of owners of industrial undertakings in the said industry.                        |
| 2. Shri D.N. Shroff, Managing Director, New Era Textile Mills Ltd., Hornby Road, Fort Bombay.               |  |
| 3. Shri Munaji J. Vaidya, Bombay Silk Mills, Ltd., Industrial Estate, Laulbagh, Parel, Bombay.              | Persons having special knowledge of matters relating to the technical or other aspects of the said industry. |
| 4. Shri Dewan C. Mehra, Hony. General Secretary, Textile Manufacturers' Assocn., 4, Queens Road, Amritsar.  |  |
| 5. Dr. M.D. Parikh, Works Manager, National Rayon Corporation Ltd., Mohane, Kalyan, C. Rly.                 | Persons having special knowledge of matters relating to the technical or other aspects of the said industry. |
| 6. Shri Shantilal M. Melta, Paragaon Textile Mills, Globe Mills Passage, Opposite Century Mills, Bombay-13. |  |
| 7. Shri Sudhansu Ranjan Roy, Asok Silk Mills, 144, Daravi Road, Bombay.                                     | To represent the interest of consumers of goods manufactured and produced by the said industry.              |
| 8. Shri R.A. Podar, Shree Shakti Art Silk Mills, Bombay.  |  |
| 9. Shri Gordhandas Jadavji, The Silk Merchants' Asscn., Dahanukai Building, Kalbadvi, Bombay-2.             | To represent the interests of persons employed in industrial undertakings in the said industry.              |
| 10. Shri C. Chikka Venkatappa Chowdeshwari, Temple St., Bangalore City.                                     |  |
| 11. Shri Indravadan M. Oza, 33 Lajpat Rai Road, Ville-Parle, Bombay-24.                                     |  |

2. Shri R. A. Podar shall be the Chairman of the said Development Council.

3. The Central Government hereby assigns the following functions to the said Development Council, namely:—

- (1) Recommending targets for production, co-ordinating production programmes and reviewing progress from time to time.
- (2) Suggesting norms of efficiency with a view to eliminating waste, obtaining maximum production, improving quality and reducing costs.

- (3) Recommending measures for securing the fuller utilisation of the installed capacity and for improving the working of the industry, particularly of the less efficient units.
- (4) Promoting arrangements for better marketing and helping in the devising of a system of distribution and sale of the produce of the industry which would be satisfactory to the consumer.
- (5) Promoting standardisation of products.
- (6) Promoting or undertaking the collection and formulation of statistics.
- (7) Promoting the adoption of measures for increasing the productivity of labour, **including** measures for securing safer and better working conditions and provision and improvement of amenities and incentives for workers.

4. The headquarters of the Council will be at Bombay.

[No. 5(6)IA(G)/55.]

*New Delhi, the 6th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1517/IDRA/6 (6)/AM (1).**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Industries (Development & Regulation) Act, 1951 (LXV of 1951), read with paragraph 2 of the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, No. S.R.O. 661/IDRA/6/6, dated the 24th March, 1955, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri Kantilal Shah and Shri Biswanath Roy, M.L.A., as members of the Development Council established by the said Order for the scheduled industry engaged in the manufacture and production of heavy chemicals (alkalis), and directs that the following amendments shall be made in the said Order, namely:—

In paragraph 1 of the said Order—

(i) Under the category of members “being persons who in the opinion of the Central Government are capable of representing the interests of owners of industrial undertakings in the said scheduled industry” for entry No. 1 relating to Shri C. R. Rao, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

“1. Shri C. R. Rao, C/o Messrs. Tata Chemicals Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay-1”; and

(ii) after entry No. 12 relating to Shri Shankar Rao P. Ogale, the following entries shall be inserted, namely:—

- |  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| <p>“13. Shri Kantilal Shah, Tata Chemicals Kamgar Sangh, Mithapur, Distt. Amrali (Kathiawar).<br/>14. Shri Biswanath Roy, M.L.A., President, National Carbon Sramik Union, 29, Barrakpur Trunk Road, Calcutta-2.</p> | } | <p>Being persons who in the opinion of the Central Government are capable of representing the interests of persons employed in industrial undertakings in the said scheduled industry”.</p> |
|--|---|---|

[No. 5(17)IA(G)/54.]

*New Delhi, the 7th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1518/IDRA/6/2/AM (3).**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 6 of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (LXV of 1951), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri V. G. G. Nayar, General Manager, The Aluminium Industries Ltd., Kundara, to be a member of the Development Council established for the scheduled industries specified in the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, No. S.R.O. 354/IDRA/6/2, dated the 1st February, 1955, and directs that the following amendments shall be made in the said Order, namely:—

In paragraph 1 of the said Order, under the category of members “being persons who in the opinion of the Central Government are capable of representing the interests of owners of industrial undertakings in the said scheduled industries”, after entry No. 5B relating to Shri P. R. Deshpande, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

“5C. Shri V. G. G. Nayar, General Manager, The Aluminium Industries Ltd., Kundara”.

[No. 5(14)IA(G)/54.]

*New Delhi, the 9th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1519/IDRA/6/3/AM (1).**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (LXV of 1951), the Central Government hereby appoints Dr. Ranita Aiman, Professor of Pharmacology, B. J. Medical College, Poona, to be a member of the Development Council established for the scheduled industries engaged in the manufacture and production of pharmaceuticals and drugs and makes the following amendment in the order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, No. S.R.O. 473/IDRA/6/3 dated the 24th February, 1955, namely:—

In paragraph 1 of the said Order, against the category of members "being persons who in the opinion of the Central Government are capable of representing the interests of consumers of goods manufactured and produced by the said scheduled industries", after item 13 relating to Shri D. H. Issa, the following item shall be inserted, namely:—

"13A. Dr. Ranita Aiman, Professor of Pharmacology, B. J. Medical College, Poona.

[No. 5(15)IA(G)/54.]

R. N. KAPUR, Under Secy.

### MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

*New Delhi, the 11th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1520.**—In pursuance of section 4(2) of the Indian Lac Cess Act, 1930 (XXIV of 1930), the Central Government hereby nominate Shri K. R. Damle, I.C.S., Vice President, Indian Council of Agricultural Research and *ex-officio* additional Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture, to be the Chairman of the Governing Body of the Indian Lac Cess Committee with effect from the 24th June, 1955 *vice* Shri P. A. Gopalkrishnan, I.C.S., who has proceeded on deputation abroad.

[No. F.2-7/55-Com-I.]

**S.R.O. 1521.**—In pursuance of section 7(1) of the Indian Coconut Committee Act, 1944 (Act No. X of 1944) the Central Government hereby appoint Shri K. R. Damle, I.C.S., Vice President, Indian Council of Agricultural Research and *ex-officio* Additional Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture, as President of the Indian Central Coconut Committee with effect from the 24th June, 1955 *vice* Shri P. A. Gopalkrishnan, I.C.S., who has proceeded on deputation abroad.

[No. F.2-7/55-Com-I.]

### (Agriculture)

*New Delhi, the 4th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1522.**—In pursuance of Section 4(v) of the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923 (XIV of 1923), the Central Government hereby re-nominate Shri R. V. Deshmukh, Achalpur, District Amravati, as a member of the Indian Central Cotton Committee, with effect from 1st April, 1955 to represent the Cotton manufacturing or Cotton ginning industry in Madhya Pradesh.

[No. F.1-12/55-Com.II.]

F. C. GERA, Under Secy.

### (Agriculture)

#### CORRIGENDUM

*New Delhi, the 9th June 1955*

**S.R.O. 1523.**—In the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Agriculture) No. S.R.O. 695 dated the 26th March, 1955, published at pages 598-599, in Part II, Section 3 of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 2nd April, 1955, the following corrections shall be made, namely:—

In the said notification—

- (i) Paragraph 2, for the words "This containing ghee" read "Tins. 'ning ghee"; and

- (ii) in paragraph 5, below columns (1) and (3) under the heading Schedule II-A, insert the words "special", and "red" respectively.

[No. F 3-9(K)/54-AM]

SWAMI DAYAL OBEROI, Under Secy.

### MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS

*New Delhi the 4th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1524**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 44 of the Air Corporations Act, 1953 (27 of 1953), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the Air Corporations Rules, 1954, namely—

- In sub-rule (1) of rule 21 of the said Rules, for the words "January and July each year", the words "February and August each year" shall be substituted.

[No 7-CA(11)/55]

T. R. MANTAN, Dy Secy.

### MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY

(Central Boilers Board)

*New Delhi the 6th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1525.**—The following draft of a further amendment to the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, which the Central Boilers Board proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (V of 1923), is published as required by sub-section (1) of section 31 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st October, 1955

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Boilers Board. Such objections or suggestions should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Boilers Board, Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply, North Block, New Delhi

#### *Draft amendment*

In the Note to regulation 201 of the said Regulations, for the sentence "In water tube and horizontal multitubular boilers a low water alarm should be fitted", the following sentence shall be substituted namely

"In Water Tube and Horizontal Multitubular Boilers, a low water alarm directly operated by steam should be fitted"

[No BL-304(6)/54]

*New Delhi, the 7th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1526**—The following draft of certain further amendments to the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, which the Central Boilers Board proposes to make in exercise of the power conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (V of 1923), is published as required by sub-section (1) of Section 31 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st October, 1955

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Boilers Board. Such objections or suggestions should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Boilers Board, Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply, North Block, New Delhi

#### *Draft amendments*

In the said Regulations,—

- (a) in clause (a) of regulation 189, between the words "the" and "diameter" the word "external" shall be inserted.

- (b) at the end of the first sentence of regulation 190, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“which shall not exceed the external diameter of the shell to which it is attached.”

- (c) in regulation 191, for the word “internal”, the word “external” shall be substituted.

[No. BL-304(14)/54.]

#### CORRIGENDUM

*New Delhi, the 7th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1527.**—In para 1 of the preamble of the Central Boilers Board's Notification No. BL-304(24)/54, dated the 21st May 1955, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 3, dated the 28th May 1955 as S.R.O. 1128, the following correction shall be made, namely:—

*For 31st January 1952*

*Read 31st August 1955.*

[No. BL-304(24)/54.]

DIN DAYAL, Secy.

#### MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

##### (Railway Board)

*New Delhi, the 12th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1528.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 47 of the Indian Railways Act 1890 (IX of 1890) and by the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce and Industry No. 801, dated 24th March 1905, the Railway Board hereby directs that the following amendment shall be made in the General Rules for all open lines of Railways in India administered by the Government published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Railway Department (Railway Board) No. 1708-T, dated the 9th March 1929, namely:—

In the Schedule appended to Part III of the said Rules, in Column 3 against Serial No. 1, the following shall be inserted.

- “(c) Ethyl Acetate may be packed in sheet iron or steel receptacles fully conforming to the specifications given in Rule 27 of the Petroleum Rules, 1937.”

[No. 1451-TG/55.]

RANJIT SINGH, Director, Traffic (T).

#### ORDER

*New Delhi, the 7th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1529.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the rule 1 of Order XXVII of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908) read with Section 141 of the said Code, the Central Government hereby appoints the General Manager and Chief Engineer, Ganga Bridge Project (Mokameh) to sign and verify plaints, written statements, petitions, applications including applications for executions and any other pleadings or proceedings in any suit or other proceedings by or against the Central Government in respect of the Ganga Bridge Project, Hathidah, District Patna

[No. E52LL1/19/3-I.]

New Delhi, the 7th July 1955

**S.R.O. 1530.**—It is hereby notified for general information that the General Manager and Chief Engineer of the Ganga Bridge Project (Mokameh) is *ex-officio* authorised to act for and on behalf of the Central Government in respect of all judicial proceedings in which the Ganga Bridge Project may be concerned.

[No. E52LL1/19/3-II.]

N. KAMALAKARA RAO, Director, Establishment.

### MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION

New Delhi, the 1st July 1955

**S.R.O. 1531.**—Whereas the Central Government is of the opinion that it is necessary to acquire certain evacuee properties in the State of Madhya Pradesh for the public purpose being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), it is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire, and hereby acquires, the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule.

#### THE SCHEDULE

All evacuee properties consisting of agricultural lands in the State of Madhya Pradesh except all such properties falling under any one or more of the following categories that is to say:—

- (1) any such property—
  - (i) in respect of which proceedings are pending before any authority at the date of this notification under the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) in which the question at issue is whether the property is or is not evacuee property; or
  - (ii) in respect of which the period of limitation, if any, fixed for an appeal or revision under the said Act for disputing the vesting of the property in the Custodian as evacuee property has not expired;
- (2) any such property in respect of which an application for the grant of a certificate under sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) is pending at the date of this notification or in respect of which the period of limitation fixed for making such application has not expired;
- (3) any such property which has been restored under section 16 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) or in respect of which an application under sub-section (2) of that section for its restoration is pending at the date of this notification, or in respect of which a certificate under sub-section (1) of that section has been granted but no application under sub-section (2) of that section for its restoration has been made;
- (4) any such property which before the date of this notification has been transferred and the transfer is effective under section 40 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) or in respect of which any proceedings are pending at the date of this notification under that section;
- (5) any such property which is a composite property within the meaning of the Evacuee Interest (Separation) Act, 1951 (LXIV of 1951);
- (6) any such property in respect of which any proceedings are pending in a Civil Court wherein the question at issue is whether the property is evacuee property or not;
- (7) any such property which at the date of this notification is being treated for is being managed as a trust property for a public purpose of a religious or charitable nature under sub-section (1) of section II of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950).

[No. SIII-2(2)/55-I.]

**S.R.O. 1532.**—Whereas the Central Government is of the opinion that it is necessary to acquire certain evacuee properties in the State of Madhya Pradesh for the public purpose referred to in sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954);

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the said sub-section, it is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire, and hereby acquires, the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule.

#### THE SCHEDULE

All rural houses in village abadis in the State of Madhya Pradesh, that is to say, houses situated in any area in that State outside the limits of a corporation, a municipality, a municipal committee, a notified area committee, a town area or a small town committee or a cantonment as those limits existed on the 15th August, 1947, which have been declared or deemed to have been declared as evacuee properties under the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) except all such properties falling under any one or more of the following categories, that is to say:—

(1) any such property—

(i) in respect of which proceedings are pending before any authority at the date of this notification under the Administration of Evacuee Property Act 1950 (XXXI of 1950) in which the question at issue is whether the property is or is not evacuee property; or

(ii) in respect of which the period of limitation, if any, fixed for an appeal or revision under the said Act for disputing the vesting of property in the Custodian as evacuee property has not expired;

(2) any such property in respect of which an application for the grant of a certificate under sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) is pending at the date of this notification or in respect of which the period of limitation fixed for making such application has not expired;

(3) any such property which has been restored under section 16 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) or in respect of which an application under sub-section (2) of that section for its restoration is pending at the date of this notification, or in respect of which a certificate under sub-section (1) of that section has been granted but no application under sub-section (2) of that section for its restoration has been made;

(4) any such property which before the date of this notification has been transferred and the transfer is effective under section 40 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) or in respect of which any proceedings are pending at the date of this notification under that section;

(5) any such property which is a composite property within the meaning of the evacuee Interest (Separation) Act, 1951 (LXIV of 1951);

(6) any such property in respect of which any proceedings are pending in a Civil Court wherein the question at issue is whether the property is evacuee property or not;

(7) any such property which at the date of this notification is being treated or is being managed as a trust property for a public purpose of a religious or charitable nature under sub-section (1) of section 11 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950).

[No. SIII-2(2)/55-II.]

L. J. JOHNSON, Joint Secy.

*New Delhi, the 4th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1533.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary to acquire certain evacuee properties in the State of Bihar for a public purpose, being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), it is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire, and hereby acquires, the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule.

## THE SCHEDULE

All urban immovable properties in the State of Bihar that is to say, immovable properties situated in that State within the limits of a corporation, a municipal Committee, a notified area committee, a town area or a small town committee or a cantonment board as those limits existed on the 15th August, 1947, which have been declared or deemed to have been declared as evacuee properties under the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) except properties falling under any one or more of the following categories:—

- (1) any such property—
  - (i) in respect of which proceedings are pending before any authority at the date of this notification under the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950), in which the question at issue is whether the property is or is not evacuee property; or
  - (ii) in respect of which the period of limitation, if any, fixed for an appeal or revision under the said Act for disputing the vesting of the property in the Custodian as evacuee property has not expired;
- (2) any such property in respect of which an application for the grant of a certificate under sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) is pending at the date of this notification or in respect of which the period of limitation fixed for making such application has not expired;
- (3) any such property which has been restored under section 16 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950), or in respect of which an application under sub-section (2) of that section for its restoration is pending at the date of this notification, or in respect of which a certificate under sub-section (1) of that section has been granted but application under sub-section (2) of that section for its restoration has not been made;
- (4) any such property which before the date of this notification has been transferred and the transfer is effective under section 40 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) or in respect of which any proceedings are pending under the said section on the date of this notification under that section;
- (5) any such property which is a composite property within the meaning of the Evacuee Interest (Separation) Act, 1951 (LXIV of 1951);
- (6) any such property in respect of which any proceedings are pending in a Civil Court wherein the question at issue is whether the property is evacuee property or not;
- (7) any such property which at the date of this notification is being treated or is being managed as a trust property for a public purpose of a religious or charitable nature under sub-section (1) of section 11 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950).

[No. F.10(30)-SI/55.]

*New Delhi, the 6th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1534.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 16 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri V. G. Pahlajani, Assistant Custodian of Evacuee Property, Bhopal, to be the Managing Officer for the custody, management and disposal of all evacuee properties in the State of Bhopal which have been acquired under section 12 of the said Act by virtue of the following notifications of the Government of India in the Ministry of Rehabilitation:—

1. No. 10(24)/SB/54, dated the 12th January, 1955.
2. No. F.10(29)/SI/55, dated the 4th March, 1955.
3. No. F.10(29)/SI/55, dated the 15th March, 1955.
4. No. F.10(14)/SB/54, dated the 26th March, 1955.
5. No. F.10(29)/SI/55, dated the 2nd May, 1955.
6. No. F.10(29)/SI/55, dated the 6th June, 1955.

[No. F.10(78)S.I./55.]

KULWANT SINGH, Under Secy.



New Delhi, the 7th July 1955

**S.R.O. 1535.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary to acquire certain evacuee properties in the State of Delhi being a purpose connected with the relief and Rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954) it is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire, and hereby acquires, the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule.

#### THE SCHEDULE

All evacuee properties consisting of agricultural lands and groves (including gardens) in the non-urban areas in the State of Delhi except all such properties falling under any one or more of the following categories:—

- (1) any such property,
  - (i) in respect of which proceedings are pending before any authority at the date of this notification under the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) in which the question at issue is whether the property is or is not evacuee property; or
  - (ii) in respect of which the period of limitation, if any, fixed for an appeal or revision under the said Act for disputing to vesting of the property in the Custodian as evacuee property has not expired;
- (2) any such property in respect of which an application for the grant of a certificate under sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) is pending at the date of this notification or in respect of which the period of limitation fixed for making such application has not expired;
- (3) any such property which has been restored under section 16 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) or in respect of which an application under sub-section (2) of that section for its restoration is pending at the date of this notification, or in respect of which a certificate under sub-section (1) of that section has been granted but no application under sub-section (2) of that section for its restoration has been made;
- (4) any such property which before the date of this notification has been transferred and the transfer is effective under section 40 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) or in respect of which any proceedings are pending at the date of this notification under that section;
- (5) any such property which is a composite property within the meaning of the Evacuee Interest (Separation) Act, 1951 (LXIV of 1951);
- (6) any such property in respect of which any proceedings are pending in a Civil Court wherein the question at issue is whether the property is evacuee property or not;
- (7) any such property which at the date of this notification is being treated or is being managed as a trust property for a public purpose of a religious or charitable nature under sub-section (1) of section 11 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950).

[No. S. III-8(10)/55-I.]

**S.R.O. 1536.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary to acquire certain evacuee properties in the State of Delhi, for the public purpose referred to in sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954).

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the said sub-section, it is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire, and hereby acquires, the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule.

#### THE SCHEDULE

All rural houses in village abadis in the State of Delhi, that is to say, houses situated in any area in that State outside the limits of a corporation, a municipality, a municipal committee, a notified area committee, a town area or a small

town committee or a cantonment as those limits existed on the 15th August, 1947, which have been declared or deemed to have been declared as evacuee properties under the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) except all such properties falling under any one or more of the following categories:—

(1) any such property,—

- (i) in respect of which proceedings are pending before any authority at the date of this notification under the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) in which the question at issue is whether the property is or is not evacuee property; or
  - (ii) in respect of which the period of limitation, if any, fixed for an appeal or revision under the said Act for disputing the vesting of the property in the Custodian as evacuee property has not expired;
- (2) any such property in respect of which an application for the grant of a certificate under sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) is pending at the date of this notification or in respect of which the period of limitation fixed for making such application has not expired;
  - (3) any such property which has been restored under section 16 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) or in respect of which an application under sub-section (2) of that section for its restoration is pending at the date of this notification; or in respect of which a certificate under sub-section (1) of that section has been granted but no application under sub-section (2) of that section for its restoration has been made;
  - (4) any such property which before the date of this notification has been transferred and the transfer is effective under the Section 40 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXXI of 1950) or in respect of which any proceedings are pending at the date of this notification under that section;
  - (5) any such property which is a composite property within the meaning of the Evacuee Interest (Separation) Act, 1951 (LXIV of 1951);
  - (6) any such property in respect of which any proceedings are pending in a civil Court wherein the question at issue is whether the property is evacuee property or not;
  - (7) any such property at the date of this notification is being treated or is being managed as a trust property for a public purpose of a religious or charitable nature under sub-section (1) of section II of the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (XXX of 1950).

[No. S.III-8(10)/55-II.]

*New Delhi, the 9th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1537.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 16 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints officers for the time being holding the posts of Deputy Commissioners, in the districts of Bangalore, Kolar, Dinkar, Mysore, Maheva Hassan, Chickmangalur, Shimoga, and Chitaldrug and Sub-Division Officer, Bellary District in Mysore State as managing officers for the custody, management and disposal of the evacuee properties within their respective jurisdictions, which have been acquired under section 12 of the said Act by virtue of the notifications of the Government of India in the Ministry of Rehabilitation, Nos. SIII-16(1)/55-I and SIII-16(1)/55-II, dated the 25th January, 1955.

[No. S-III(16) (2)/55.]

H. S. NAIR, Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF LABOUR

*New Delhi, the 4th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1538.**—It is hereby notified for general information that in pursuance of the provisions of paragraph 20 of the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952, made under section 5 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (XIX of 1952), the Central Government has appointed, with effect from the afternoon

of the 15th June, 1955, Shri N. C. Rudra, Accounts Officer, Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, Delhi to be the Regional Commissioner for the whole of the State of Delhi to work under the general control and superintendence of the Central Provident Fund Commissioner, *vice* Dr. B. R. Seth, on leave.

[No. PF.31(123)/55-I.]

A. P. VEERA RAGHAVAN, Under Secy.

*New Delhi, the 6th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1539.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (XIX of 1952), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri N. C. Rudra, Accounts Officer, Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, Delhi, to be an Inspector for the whole of the State of Delhi for the purposes of the said Act and of any scheme made thereunder *vice* Dr. B. R. Seth on leave.

[No. PF.31(123)/55-II.]

*New Delhi, the 7th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1540.**—In pursuance of paragraph 3(1) (b) of the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri P. N. Suri, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, to be a member of the Board of Trustees constituted under the said scheme in the vacancy caused by the resignation of Shri R. S. Krishnan.

2. In the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 1861, dated the 31st October, 1952, for the entry "4. Shri R. S. Krishnan, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, New Delhi" the entry "4. Shri P. N. Suri, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, New Delhi" shall be substituted.

[No. PF.33(7)/55.]

*New Delhi, the 8th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1541.**—In pursuance of paragraph 3 (1) (e) of the Employee's Provident Funds Scheme, 1952, the Central Government hereby nominates Shri Vimal Mehrotra, 109/221, Jawahar Nagar, Kanpur, to be a member of the Board of Trustees constituted under the said Scheme in the vacancy caused by the resignation of Shri Rajaram Shastri.

2. In the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 1861, dated, the 31st October, 1952, for the entry, "18. Shri Rajaram Shastri, C/o Socialist Party, Pandariba, Lucknow", the entry "18. Shri Vimal Mehrotra, 109/221, Jawahar Nagar, Kanpur" shall be substituted.

[No. P.F.33(1)/54.]

*New Delhi, the 12th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1542.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (XIX of 1952), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. PF 516(20) dated the 9th July, 1952, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri J. Subbuswami I. A. S., Madras, to be an Inspector for the whole of the State of Madras, for the purposes of the said Act, and of any Scheme made thereunder, in relation to factories which are engaged in a controlled industry and industries connected with a mine or an oil field.

[No. PF-31(110)/55-I.]

**S.R.O. 1543.**—In pursuance of the provisions of paragraph 20 of the Employees' Provident Fund Scheme, 1952, made under section 5 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (XIX of 1952), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. PF-516(20) dated the 17th September 1952, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri J. Subbuswami, I. A. S., Madras, to be Regional Commissioner for the whole of the State of Madras to work under the general control and superintendence of the Central Commissioner.

[No. PF-31(110)/55-II.]

P. D. GAIHA, Under Secy.

*New Delhi, the 8th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1544.**—In pursuance of section 4 of the Employees' State Insurance Act 1948 (XXXIV of 1948), the Central Government hereby nominates Shri Vishnu Sahay, I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour, to be a member of the Employees' State Insurance Corporation in the place of Shri K. N. Subramanian, I.C.S., and makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 2155, dated the 16th November, 1953, namely:—

In the said notification, for item 4 the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

"4. Shri Vishnu Sahay, I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour."

[No. SS.121(109)I.]

*New Delhi, the 7th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1545.**—In pursuance of Section 8 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (XXXIV of 1948), the Central Government hereby nominates Shri Vishnu Sahay, I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour, to be the Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Employees' State Insurance Corporation in the place of Shri K. N. Subramanian, I.C.S., and makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 331, dated the 19th January, 1954, namely:—

In the said notification, for item (1) the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) Shri Vishnu Sahay, I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour."

[No. SS.121(109)II.]

**S.R.O. 1546.**—Whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the employees in each of the workshops of the Central Tractor Organisation at New Delhi and Bairagarh under the Ministry of Food and Agriculture, are in receipt of benefits substantially similar or superior to the benefits provided under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (XXXIV of 1948):

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 90 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby exempts each of the workshops from all the provisions of the said Act for a period of one year in the first instance.

[No. SS.138(21).]

*New Delhi, the 8th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1547.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clauses (1) and (3) of clause 4 of the Calcutta Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1951, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri M. A. Nicolson, M. C. of Messrs. Gladstone Lyall & Co. Ltd., Agents, The City Line Ltd., a representative of the Calcutta Liners' Conference, Calcutta U.S.A. Conference and the Calcutta Continental Conference, to be a member of the Calcutta Dock Labour Board in the vacancy caused by the resignation of Shri W. R. B. Sample and makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 1510, dated the 2nd September, 1952, namely:—

In the said notification, under the heading "*Representatives of employers of dock workers and shipping companies*", for item (3), the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

"(3) Shri M. A. Nicolson, Representative of the Calcutta Liners' Conference, Calcutta U.S.A. Conference and Calcutta Continental Conference."

[No. Fac.74(2).]

#### CORRIGENDUM

*New Delhi, the 9th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1548.**—In the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, S.R.O. 938, dated the 23rd April, 1955, published at page 781 in Part II,

Section 3 of the Gazette of India, dated the 30th April 1955, for "Bhol Khan Guda" occurring in item IV(c), read "Bhalol Khan Guda".

[No. E.S.I.A./1(4)/4.]

[F. No. S.S. 121(81).]

K. N. NAMBIAR, Under Secy.

*New Delhi, the 8th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1549.**—The following corrigendum of the Industrial Tribunal, Bombay, made under rule 23 of the Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules, 1947, correcting certain clerical errors in its award published in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 1262, dated the 7th June, 1955, in the industrial dispute between the Bombay Port Trust, the Bombay Dock Labour Board and certain stevedore employers and contractors in the Port of Bombay, the one hand, and their workmen, on the other, is published.

BEFORE SHRI M. R. MEHER, I.C.S. (Retd.) INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, BOMBAY

REFERENCE (IT-CG) No. 4 of 1954

ADJUDICATION

BETWEEN

The Bombay Port Trust, Bombay and 20 others

AND

Their Workmen.

In the matter of the Award Part I dated 30th May 1955

CORRIGENDUM

Under Rule 23 of the Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules, 1947 I direct that the following corrections be made in my Award (Part I) dated 30th May 1955, published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary Part II—Section 3 dated the 13th June 1955:—

- (1) Page 1145, paragraph 33, line 32. For "12-45 P.M." read "11-45 A.M."
- (2) Page 1175, paragraph 85, line 27, clause (c). Delete the words and figures "plus a sum of Rs. 12-8-0" after the word "guarantee".
- (3) Page 1186, paragraph 119, line 4. For "A category workers" read "Stevedore pool workers."
- (4) Page 1196, Appendix C, clause 7, line 7. For "B tons" read "A tons" after the words "a datum of".
- (5) Page 1197, Appendix D, clause 8, line 7. For "B tons" read "A tons" after the words "a datum of".
- (6) Page 1198, Appendix D, class 17. In the beginning of the clause insert the following words: "In calculating the output the basis will be deadweight tons rounded off to the nearest ton. The output of cargo will be calculated according to the tally maintained by the Port Trust for shore gangs", before the sentence "The output of cargo discharged .....for shore work."
- (7) Page 1199, Appendix E, clause 6, line 7. For "B tons" read "A tons" after the words "a datum of".

(Sd.) M. R. MEHER,  
Industrial Tribunal.

BOMBAY,  
The 22nd June 1955.

[No. LR.3(44)/54.]

*New Delhi, the 11th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1550.**—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Delhi, in the matter of an application under section 33A of the said Act from Shri Roshan Lal Puri an employee of the Punjab National Bank Ltd.

BEFORE SHRI RAM KANWAR, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL  
TRIBUNAL, DELHI

REFERENCE No. LR100(98), DATED 2ND SEPTEMBER 1953

In the matter of an Industrial Dispute

BETWEEN

The Management in relation to the Punjab National Bank Limited and  
its WorkmenApplication of Shri Roshan Lal Puri under Section 33-A of the Industrial  
Disputes Act

PRESENT

Shri H. L. Parwana, Vice-President, All India Punjab National Bank  
Employees' Federation—*For the Petitioner.*Shri A. S. Puri, Assistant Secretary (Staff)—*For the Bank.*

AWARD

During the pendency of proceedings before this Tribunal in respect of an industrial dispute between the Management in relation to the Punjab National Bank Ltd. and its workmen, this application was made on 3rd March 1955 by Shri Roshan Lal Puri, a clerk of the Bank, under Section 33A read with Section 33 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

(2) The petitioner entered the service of the Bank in its Ferozepur Cantonment Branch as a Daftri in 1943 and as his work was satisfactory, he was promoted to the post of a clerk on 1st January 1945. There was only one recent adverse remark against him by the Inspector to the effect that his work lacked neatness and that the Savings Bank Ledgers handled by him were not neatly maintained.

(3) In May 1953 an order was made for his transfer to Chandigarh but on his representation that the transfer would adversely affect his family circumstances, it was cancelled and he was posted to Ferozepur City Office in June 1953. At the time of the cancellation of his transfer to Chandigarh he had clearly undertaken to go out of Ferozepur after 31st March 1954 *vide* Exh. M/1.

(4) On 24th November 1954 the Head Office of the Bank received an intimation from its Bhiwani Branch Office that a Clerk-cum-Typist was badly needed in that Office and that provision should be made for the same immediately *vide* Exh. M/2.

(5) No action was taken on that requisition till February 1955 when Shri Banwari Lal Mujral, a clerk of the Ferozepur Cantonment Office was ordered by the Head Office through the District Manager to be transferred to Bhiwani, but on his representation that one of his daughters was to appear in the Matriculation Examination in March 1955, that the marriage of his another daughter was to be celebrated in April 1955 that another daughter of his was under medical treatment in Cantonment General Hospital and would take sometime to recover and that consequently his transfer might be suspended till April 1955 or that he might be transferred to Ferozepur City Branch, his transfer to Bhiwani was cancelled and the present petitioner was ordered to be transferred to Bhiwani, while Banwari Lal was ordered to relieve him in Ferozepur City. The petitioner's order of transfer was made by the District Manager on 25th February 1955 and it was conveyed to him on 28th February 1955.

(6) The petitioner did not care to make any representation to the Management of the Bank, but made the present application for the cancellation of his transfer order.

(7) He was elected Secretary of the Ferozepur Unit of the Punjab National Bank Employees' Union (Punjab) in December, 1954 and information of that fact was given to the Bank's Central Office on 15th February, 1955 and the same was conveyed to the District Manager on 25th February, 1955.

(8) The petitioner's contentions are (a) that 5 clear working days' notice was not put up on the Notice Board of the Bank relating to his contemplated transfer as required by Shri Sastry Tribunal Award para. 535 and that consequently the conditions of service applicable to him have been altered to his prejudice; (b) that the transfer was made simply to punish him for his Trade Union activities; (c) that the transfer was not proper for the reasons (i) Shri Banwari Lal was

treated favourably simply because he was not a member of the Union while the petitioner was transferred simply on account of his being an office bearer of the Union; (ii) the petitioner had to support at Ferozepur, apart from his wife and children, his mother who was a widow, his sister who was studying in J.A.V. Class at Ferozepur City and his nephew who was also studying at that place. The transfer of the petitioner would seriously affect and shatter the domestic affairs; (iii) the petitioner, was a refugee from Pakistan and had been allotted a house belonging to the Evacuees and his transfer would dislocate his family greatly.

(9) The Management of the Bank opposes the application and contends that the transfer was made in the ordinary course of routine, that it did not amount to punishment or alteration of conditions of service of the petitioner as contemplated by Section 33 of the Industrial Disputes Act; that para. 535 of Shri Sastry Award has no application to the petitioner's case because he is not an office bearer of any Registered Union.

(10) Some evidence was led by the petitioner to show that there was another Union of the Punjab National Bank employees which was sponsored by the Management and that its members were favourably treated by it, while its attitude was not favourable to the All India Punjab National Bank Employees Federation of which the petitioner was a member, but I fail to understand how the fact even if correct is relevant to the present dispute.

(11) The mere order of transfer in the ordinary course of business although it might cause some inconvenience to the man concerned cannot be considered a punishment as contemplated by Section 33 of the Industrial Disputes Act simply because workers in a Bank are liable to be transferred and no Bank can possibly run if it had no right to transfer its employees from one place to another unless of course there is some stipulation in the conditions of service of any particular employee that he would remain stationary at one place. There is obviously no such stipulation so far as the petitioner is concerned.

(12) That being so, the order of transfer of the petitioner does not give him any cause of action under Section 33 unless it was proved by him that the transfer was made only by way of punishment for his trade union activities as alleged by him. The mere fact that he was an office bearer of a unit of the Union, does not raise any presumption on that point in his favour in the absence of any positive evidence to that effect. It has recently become a fashion among the employees to raise the cry of victimisation of office bearers whenever such transfers are made. Moreover, it is very important to note that the petitioner has been in Ferozepur continuously for the last 12 years and that as stated above, he at the time of his transfer to Chandigarh in 1953, clearly stated that he would have no objection to his transfer from Ferozepur after 1954.

(13) The petitioner's reference to para. 535 of the Sastry Award is not at all relevant simply because it applies to office bearers of a registered Union, while the petitioner is only an office bearer of an unregistered unit of the Union.

(14) The vacancy in Bhiwani Office was apparently genuine. The petitioner's contention that he being not a typist did not fulfil the requirement of Bhiwani Office is of no avail when we find that Shri Banwari Lal was also not a typist.

(15) The plea of the petitioner that as the language of Bhiwani area was different from that of Ferozepur City and that consequently his transfer to that place is a violation of provisions of Sastry Award is obviously frivolous, simply because the two places are in the same Province and not at a great distance from each other.

For the reasons given above, I have no hesitation in holding that the application must fail. I accordingly award that the application be rejected. Let a copy of this Award be sent to the Ministry of Labour, Government of India, for action under Section 33-A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

(Sd.) RAM KANWAR,

Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Delhi.

Delhi, 20th June 1955.

[No. LR-100(98)/53-I.]

**S.R.O. 1551.**—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Delhi, in the matter of an application under section 33A of the said Act from Shri Durga Dass Puri, an employee of the Punjab National Bank Ltd.

**BEFORE SHRI RAM KANWAR, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL  
TRIBUNAL, DELHI**

In the matter of an Industrial Dispute

**BETWEEN**

The employers in relation to the Punjab National Bank Ltd. and its Workmen

**APPEARANCE**

Shri H. L. Puri for the petitioner.

Shri A. S. Puri for the Bank.

**AWARD**

During the pendency of proceedings before this Tribunal in respect of an industrial dispute between the Punjab National Bank Ltd. and its employees, this application has been made by Shri Durga Dass Puri an employee of the Bank under Section 33-A read with Section 33 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

2. The petitioner has been in the service of the bank since 1922 and has been discharging multifarious clerical duties as an Accountant from 1933. On 31st March 1955 the bank management made an order for payment to him the salary adjusted in accordance with pay scales newly devised by the bank, for employees other than workmen. His contention is that he had all along been a clerk—and that the above change in his scale of pay is to his prejudice because it deprived him of certain benefits which had accrued to him as a clerk under the bank Award. He, therefore, wants reversal of the change in the conditions of his service. In reply to the application, Shri Amar Singh Puri made the following statement on behalf of the bank:—

“In view of the old and long service which Shri D. D. Puri has put in it, the bank does not consider it proper to pursue the present litigation and is prepared to treat him as a workman in the terms of the Award applicable to him.”

After that statement Shri H. L. Puri on behalf of the petitioner stated that in view of that statement he did not press the application and prayed for an award in the terms of the agreement. That being so an award is made in accordance with the above agreement. Let a copy of it be sent to the Ministry of Labour, Government of India.

No order as to costs.

*Delhi, the 23rd June 1955.*

(Sd.) RAM KANWAR,  
Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Delhi.

[No. LR-100(98)/53-II.]

**S.R.O. 1552.**—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Delhi in the matter of an application under section 33A of the said Act from Shri Des Raj Brahmi, an employee of the Punjab National Bank Ltd.

**BEFORE SHRI RAM KANWAR, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL—  
TRIBUNAL, DELHI**

REFERENCE No. LR100(98), DATED 2ND SEPTEMBER 1953

In the matter of an Industrial Dispute

**BETWEEN**

The Management in relation to the Punjab National Bank Ltd and its Workmen.

Application of Shri Des Raj Brahmi under Section 33-A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

**PRESENT**

Shri L. R. Kashvan, Assistant General Secretary of Punjab National Bank Employees' Union (Punjab) for the petitioner.

Shri M. K. Jain for the Bank.



## AWARD

During the pendency of proceedings before this Tribunal in respect of an industrial dispute between the Management in relation to the Punjab National Bank Limited and its Workmen this application was made by Shri Des Raj Brahmi, a clerk of Yamuna Nagar Branch of the Bank. It is under Section 33A read with Section 33 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

2. Shri Harbans Lal Sharma MW1, a Fitter in Jagadhri Railway Workshop, sent complaint Exh. M/1 to the Head Office of the Bank with the allegations that the petitioner and Madan Lal, Cashier of the Bank who are his neighbours had made his life miserable by making false accusation of the illicit connection of his wife with Shri Badri Nath, another clerk of the Bank and also Vice-President of the local unit of Punjab National Bank Employees' Union (Punjab). It is in evidence that Shri Badri Nath is the son of real maternal uncle of Harbans Lal's wife. The complaint was from several respectable residents of the locality. The Head Office sent the complaint to Shri Vidya Rattan Puri MW3 Manager of the local branch for report and that gentleman after holding an enquiry in the matter sent his report Exh. M/3 against the present petitioner. The District Manager of the Bank thereupon made an order transferring the petitioner to Kharar Pay Office and also directed the Branch Manager to obtain the petitioner's explanation about the complaint of Harbans Lal.

3. The petitioner instead of expressing any regret, contended that the accusation made by him relating to the character of Mrs. Harbans Lal and her illicit connection with Shri Badri Nath was correct. He was also bold enough to contend that the Manager after holding an enquiry in the matter had also formed an opinion as to the correctness of his accusations and had openly made a suggestion in the bank premises that he would get Badri Nath transferred to some other place.

4. In the present application there is no mention of the above-mentioned matter, but the petitioner contends that the order of his transfer was made simply to victimize him for his trade union activities as President of the local unit of the Employees' Union. He also contends that no notice of his intended transfer required by para. 535 of Shri Sastry Tribunal Award was put on the Notice Board of the Bank to enable him to make a representation against his order of transfer for the order amounted to an alteration of conditions of his service to his prejudice.

5. The last mentioned plea of the petitioner is of no help to him simply because para. 535 of Shri Sastry Tribunal Award only applies to office holders of a registered Union and not to office holders of unregistered unit of a Registered Union, like the petitioner.

6. The petitioner has not even carded to disclose much less to prove his alleged activities as office bearer of his units, which was disliked by the Bank Authorities and which resulted in the order of his transfer.

7. It has now become a fashion with the employees to raise the plea of victimization on account of trade union activities whenever an order is made relating to him to their disliking. The mere order of transfer in the ordinary course of business although might cause some inconvenience to the man concerned cannot be considered a punishment as contemplated by Section 33 of the Industrial Disputes Act simply because workers in a bank are liable to be transferred and no bank can possibly run if it had no right to transfer its employees from one place to another unless of course there is some stipulation in the conditions of service of any particular employ that he would remain stationary at one place. There is obviously no such stipulation so far as the petitioner is concerned.

8. In the circumstances of the present case the transfer of the petitioner, instead of being a case of his victimization, was apparently perfectly justified. For the reasons given above I have no hesitation in holding that the application must fail. I accordingly award that the application be rejected; Let a copy of this award be sent to the Ministry of Labour, Government of India, for action under Section 33-A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

(Sd.) RAM KANWAR,  
Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Delhi.

[No. LR-100(98)/53-III.]

## ORDERS

*New Delhi, the 9th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1553.**—Whereas the management in relation to the Bharat Fire and General Insurance Limited, New Delhi, and the Bharat Fire Insurance Employees' Union, New Delhi, on behalf of the workmen in the head office and all the branches of the Company excluding the Calcutta Office, have jointly applied to the Central Government for reference of an industrial dispute to a Tribunal in respect of the matters set forth in the said application and reproduced in the schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the said Bharat Fire Insurance Employees' Union, New Delhi, represents a majority of the workmen;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7 of the said Act.

## THE SCHEDULE

Under the award of Central Government Tribunal, Delhi, published under Government of India, Ministry of Labour, Notification No. S.R.O. 2577, dated the 28th July of 1954, there was an agreement between the parties to the effect that any difficulty or grievance which would be presented to the employer by the employees and which could not be settled directly by mutual negotiations would be referred jointly to the authorities for decision by the Industrial Tribunal. The above Tribunal recorded the agreement and gave the award accordingly but did not set a time-limit for mutual negotiation between the parties for the settlement of dispute. Now it is desired by the parties that the Tribunal which shall be appointed may set a time-limit for the settlement of dispute by direct negotiation and in case of failure of direct negotiation for joint reference to the Government of India for referring the dispute or disputes to a Tribunal for adjudication under section 10(2) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

[No. L.R. 90(15)/55-I.]

*New Delhi, the 11th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1554.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Punjab National Bank Ltd. and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal at Dhanbad constituted under section 7 of the said Act.

## THE SCHEDULE

Alleged victimisation for trade Union activities in the following cases of transfers of workmen:

- (i) Shri Darshanlal Mehta from Jamnagar to Ballabgarh in or about January, 1955;
- (ii) Shri Sushil Kumar from Ferozepur Cantt. to Simla in or about February, 1955; and
- (iii) Shri Ramjidas Dhall from Rohtak to Sonapat, in or about October, 1954.

[No. L.R.100(14)/55.]

P. S. EASWARAN, Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING

*New Delhi, the 9th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1555.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 5 of the Cinematograph Act, 1952 (XXXVII of 1952), the Central Government hereby directs that the film entitled 'Four Guns To The Border' and its trailer produced by the Universal International Film Inc., U.S.A., shall be deemed to be uncertified films in the whole of India.

[No.8/10/55-FC.]

D. KRISHNA AYYAR, Under Secy.

## ORDER

*New Delhi, the 14th July 1955*

**S.R.O. 1556.**—In pursuance of clause 2 of the directions issued under the provisions of each of the enactments specified in the First Schedule to the order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting No. S.R.O. 945, dated the 28th April, 1955, the Central Government with the previous approval of the Film Advisory Board, Bombay hereby certifies the film specified in column 2 of the Schedule hereto annexed, in all its language versions, to be of the description specified against it in the corresponding entry of column 5 of the said Schedule.

## SCHEDULE

S. No.	Title of the Film	Name of the Producer	Source of Supply	Whether a scientific film or a film intended for educational purposes or a film dealing with news and current events or a documentary film
1	2	3	4	5
1	Indian News Review No. 352	Govt. of India, Films Division, Bombay.	Govt. of India, Films Division, Bombay.	Film dealing with news and current events.

[No. 1/16/55-F: App/40.]

T. R. V. CHARI, Dy Secy.

